Workqueue insights

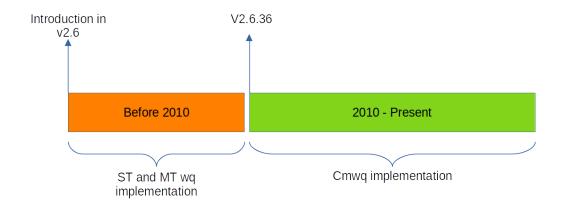
Prathu Baronia & Neeraj Upadhyay

29-07-2023

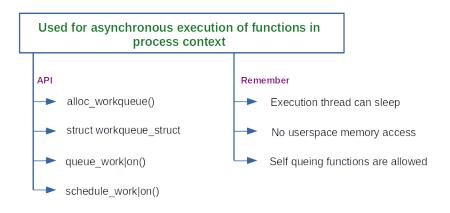
Before we begin

- wq: workqueue
- cmwq: concurrency managed workqueue
- ► Kernel version considered: v6.5-rc3

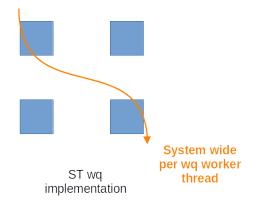
History



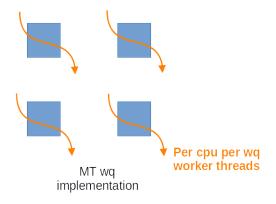
WQ API



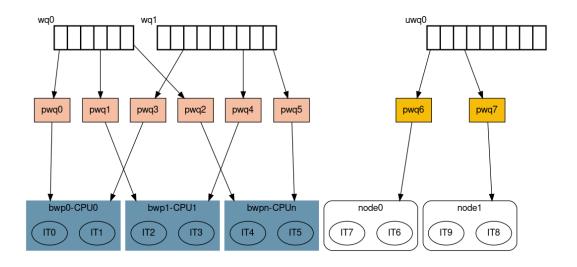
Legacy implementation: ST



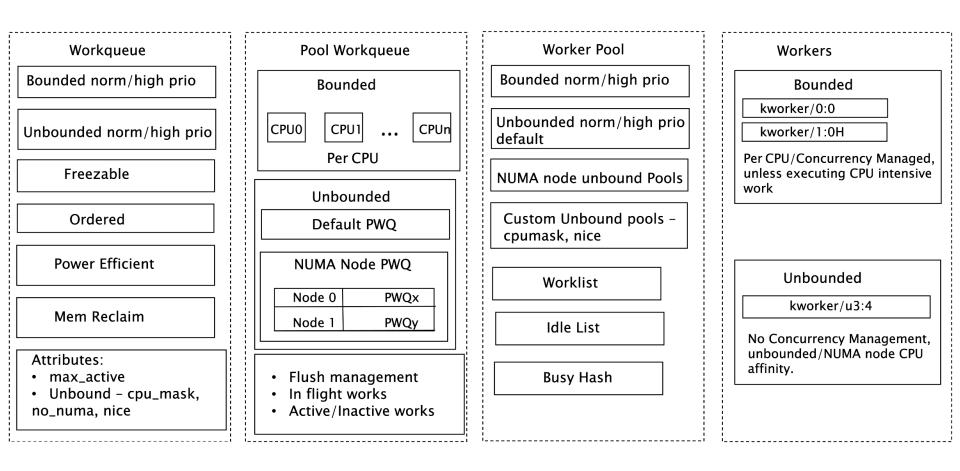
Legacy implementation: MT



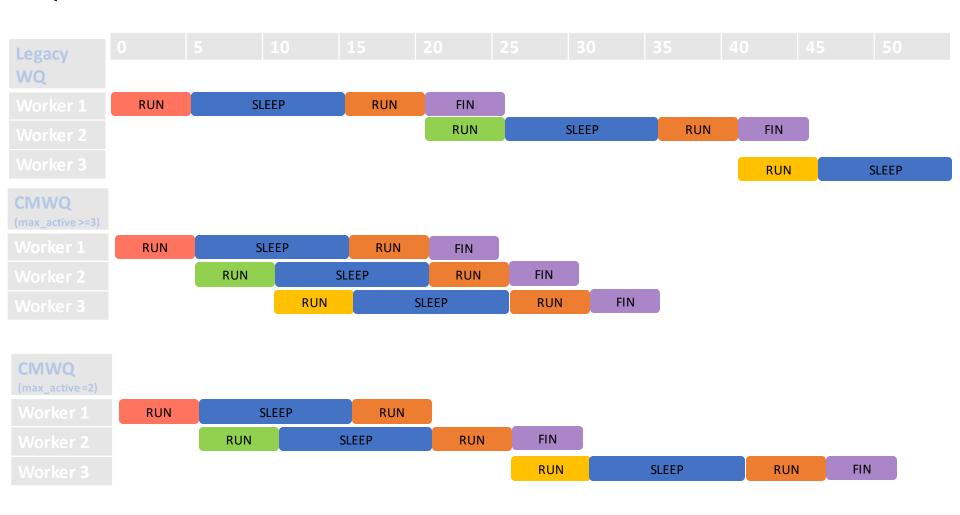
cmwq

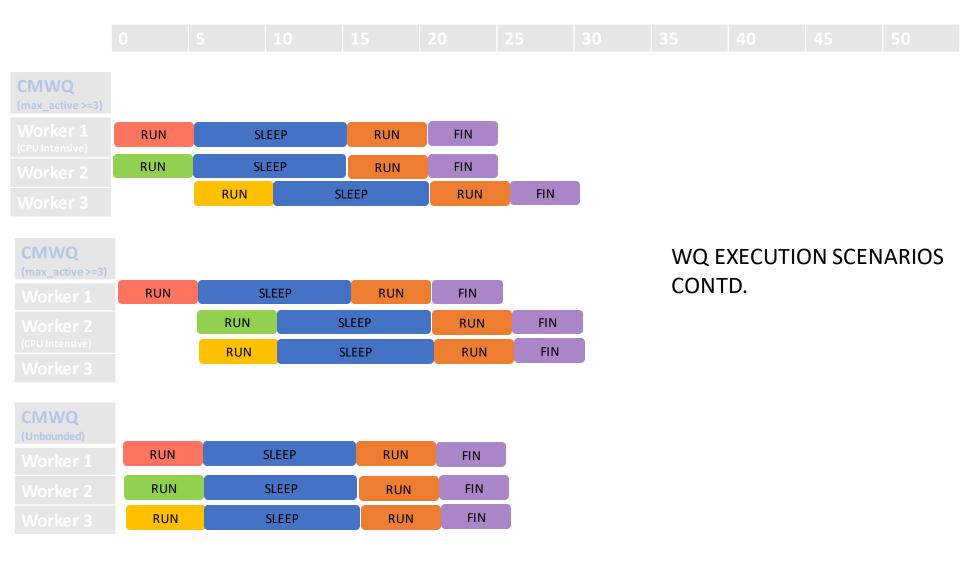


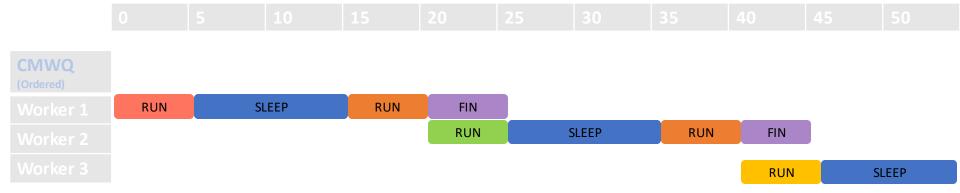
Workqueue software layers



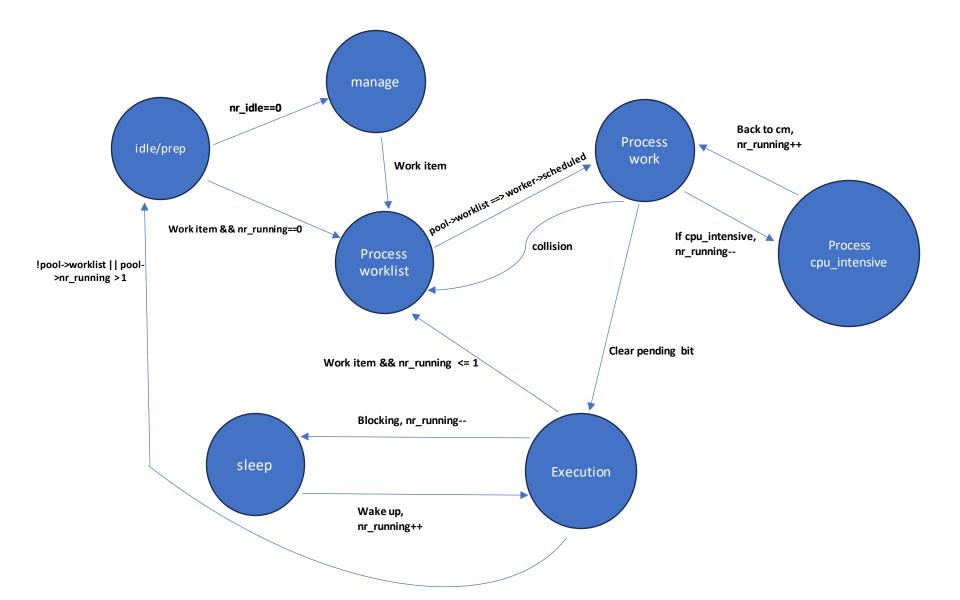
WQ EXECUTION SCENARIOS

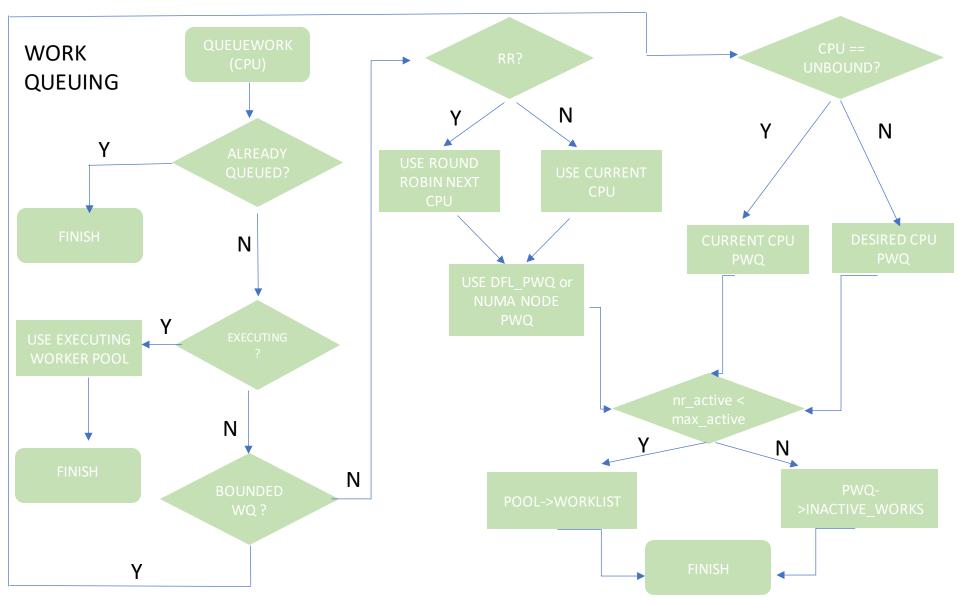






WQ EXECUTION SCENARIOS CONTD.





System wide wqs

- system_wq
- system_highpri_wq
- system_long_wq
- system_unbound_wq
- system_freezable_wq
- system power efficient wq
- system_freezable_power_efficient_wq

FAQs

- ▶ Which system wq to use in my code?
- ▶ When to use unbounded wqs?
- ► How to decide max_active?

Usecases of system wide wqs

Usecases of system wide wqs cont.

```
system unbound wg:
    drivers/base/dd.c: driver deferred probe trigger()
  queue_work(system_unbound_wq, &deferred_probe_work);
system freezable wg:
    drivers/virtio/virtio balloon.c: update balloon size func()
  queue work(system freezable wq, work);
system power efficient wg:
    sound/soc/codecs/rt5645.c: rt5645_irq() irq handler
  queue delayed work(system power efficient wq,
             &rt5645->jack detect work, msecs to jiffies(250));
```